

# The Daily State Chronicle.

VOL. VII.—NO. 70.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1890.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

## THE NATIONAL CONGRESS.

### THE NEW NAVAL BILL PASSED BY THE SENATE.

Public Building Bills—A Public Bathing Beach Bill, and Other Bills Passed by the House.

(By United Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 26.—In the Senate Mr. Carlisle was sworn in as Senator from Kentucky.

The naval bill was then taken up. Mr. Cokerell's motion to strike out the appropriation for three battleships at \$4,000,000 was rejected and the bill passed.

House.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—[House] Senate bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Canton, Ohio, at a cost of \$100,000.

Senate bill was passed increasing to \$75,000 the limit of the cost of the public building at Jacksonville, Fla. The floor was accorded to the committee on the District of Columbia, and Mr. Atkinson, of Pennsylvania, called up the Rock Creek park bill.

A bill was also passed appropriating \$60,000 for the construction of a bridge across the eastern branch of the Potomac river at Benning's road.

The following bills were also passed: Establishing a free public bathing beach on the Potomac river, near Washington monument. For the relief of holders of D. C. special assessment certificates; and requiring street railway companies of the District to make annual reports.

## THE PRESBYTERIANS.

### Provision to be Made for Unemployed Ministers and Vacant Churches.

(By United Press.)

SARATOGA, May 26.—The session of the Presbyterian general assembly this morning was devoted to hearing committee reports. The reports were adopted in order without debate until the report of the committee on unemployed ministers and vacant churches was reached. The report recommends the organization of a special bureau of information as an intelligence office to put the unemployed ministers into communication with the vacant churches.

## MAD FARMERS.

### They are After Some Wicked Commission Merchants.

(By United Press.)

VERMILION, Ky., May 26.—A delegation of enraged farmers from near Nicholasville, arrived here Saturday after Pettigrew Bros., commission merchants, but they had disappeared. They said to have secured in all about \$10,000 and \$15,000 worth of grain and produce which the firm sold in Cincinnati and Louisville, pocketing the proceeds. The men are supposed to be in Ohio.

## RAILROAD ENTHUSIASM.

### Henderson Moving for Another Line—Subscription Election to be Held.

(Special to State Chronicle.)

HENDERSON, N. C., May 26, 1890.—An enthusiastic meeting just held here appointed a committee to draft a petition to call an election for a subscription to a railroad to some point in Nash county. A large crowd was present. Both colored and white were unanimously in favor of it. The election will be held in a few days. Thirty or forty thousand dollars will be subscribed.

## TURKISH MISRULE.

### Resident Christians Call on Christian Countries for Protection.

(By United Press.)

CANEA, Crete, May 26.—Opposition to Turkish misrule continues to grow in strength and increase in force. Yesterday additional animation was given to it by the action taken by the Christian residents of this city at a meeting held in the cathedral. At this meeting resolutions were adopted calling upon the foreign consuls for protection from Moslem outrages.

## ROMANISM ATTACKED.

### An Appeal for the Redemption of Italy From the Serpent.

(By United Press.)

CHICAGO, May 26.—This morning's session of the Baptist anniversaries was devoted to reports and discussions of mission work. Rev. J. D. Fulton, of Boston, in an address on the subject, severely attacked Romanism and made an appeal for the redemption of Italy from the curse of the "serpent."

## ANARCHISTS AT WORK.

### An Attempt to Blow up the Haymarket Monument.

(By United Press.)

CHICAGO, May 26.—An unsuccessful attempt was made last night to blow up the Haymarket monument erected in memory of the policemen who were killed by the bombs thrown May 4, 1886.

## Increasing the German Army.

(By United Press.)

LONDON, May 24.—The German government has asked the Reichstag for a further vote of nearly \$5,000,000 for military purposes, to meet the increased expenditures which will be occasioned by the passage of the new army bill now pending in the Reichstag.

## A Big Check Stolen.

(By United Press.)

LAURENCEBURG, Ky., May 26.—A check for \$44,647 has been stolen from Stamp Deputy, W. C. Patty.

Swindell is advertising his wool dress goods at cost. I wonder if they are selling them at cost. Let's go see.

## COOKE AND LANE AND NORTH CAROLINA.

(From the Richmond Dispatch.)

The address of Hon. CHARLES M. STEDMAN delivered on Memorial-day at Wilmington, N. C., was a remarkably fine effort, and was published in full in the Wilmington papers. From it we make the following extract:

"Where is the North Carolinian who does not rejoice in the unfading laurels of JOHN R. COOKE, and JAMES H. LANE, who, though natives of another State, are as dear to us as our own sons. Both have equally an unstained, chivalrous, and glorious record. Go where you will in this State and it would be difficult to find an assemblage of men who might happen to meet together in the midst of whom it would be safe to utter an unkind word of either Cooke or Lane. Long commanding troops from this State their names and fame have become the common heritage of all North Carolinians."

General COOKE, as our readers know, is to be chief of staff at the Lee monument unveiling Thursday and General JAMES H. LANE, of Alabama, is to be one of the marshals on that occasion. The above compliment to the two gentlemen is deserved in the highest degree, and at the same time there are none who know better or are more ready to bear testimony to the proven excellence of North Carolina soldiers than the gentlemen named. Dear, brave, modest old North Carolina, always slow to praise her own performances and yet always managing in genuine merit to equal any one of her sisters in the Union of American commonwealths! Even now, without flourish of trumpets, she is prepared to do honor to Lee in heavy force, and we are satisfied that on the 29th her ranks will be as solid in admiration of the great dead, her appreciation of the sacred cause in hand as thorough as will be possible in any southern State. She was in a great part the reliance of Lee in the time that tried men's souls. She is entitled to a high place at the unveiling of the monument. She has a warm welcome awaiting her at the capital of the Old Dominion.

## A DESERVED RE-ELECTION.

The CHRONICLE commends the school board of Raleigh for its unanimous re-election of Prof. E. P. MOSES as superintendent of city schools. Mr. MOSES is an enthusiastic, faithful, earnest and devoted superintendent, and his work has won for him the esteem and regard of the people of the city in a marked degree. He is devoted to the elevation and education of the children of the city and it is gratifying to know that his work is appreciated as it deserves to be. There was little change in the personnel of the teachers. They are a faithful and efficient corps and worthy of all honor.

## MR. PEELE'S ADDRESS.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)

SANFORD, N. C., May 25th, 1890.—The annual address at the closing exercises of Sanford High School was delivered Thursday evening by W. J. Peele, Esq., of Raleigh.

By 3:30 o'clock the academy was well filled by an audience of Sanford's most appreciative citizens. There was not lacking also a strong delegation from the surrounding country. They came to hear the man who had written up the "Yankee and his dollar." They saw him, a pleasant yet forcible face on which, if our phenology be correct, perception and intellectual grasp are most prominently written. The man reminds us of General Grant's picture, and as he announced his subject, The Education of a Freeman, and proceeded with the address we have ever heard, we could only think that he was a man to "push things" and "fight them out on this line."

[Our correspondent also gives an admirable synopsis of Mr. PEELE's argument. We would be glad to print it but our columns are crowded, and we must omit it.—EDITOR.]

## New Railroad Office in Raleigh.

The following official railroad circular has been issued:

RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. R. CO., NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION, OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT, DURHAM, N. C., May 22, 1890.

On and after Tuesday, May 27, 1890, the offices of the Superintendent and the Engineer Maintenance of Way of the North Carolina Division will be located at Raleigh, N. C.

R. R. BRIDGES, Superintendent.

Approved: W. H. GREEN, Gen'l Superintendent.

## ROYAL ARCANUM.

A Grand Council Will Be Constituted Today.

Messrs. G. W. Blount, of Wilson; Thos. W. Branch, of Asheville; J. H. Hoffman and P. C. Carlton, of Statesville, W. G. Brinson, of New Bern; Ed. Zoeller, of Tarboro; Joshua G. Wright, and N. Jacob, of Wilmington; John H. Hill, of Goldsboro and others reached the city yesterday. This morning at 10 o'clock a Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum will be constituted. Judge Watts, of Portsmouth, Va., will be the installing officer.

From the Main Stock at Fayetteville Street Entrance.

We assort from the general stock of Dress Goods, and mark at prices that will make them interesting, a table full of different fabrics, all good for this and later season's wear.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.

## A PARALYZING SCHEME.

### HOW A MAN MADE TWENTY-FIVE PEOPLE SWEAR HE WAS DROWNED.

The Almost Successful Scheme of a Shrewd Rascal to Swindle an Insurance Company—He Dressed a Corpse to Make it Look Like Himself—He Lost the Money—But Gained Lots of Work.

J. C. Meekins, Jr., Esq., sheriff of Tyrrell county, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. He gives the CHRONICLE the particulars of the strangest and most sensational occurrence in Tyrrell county that was ever recorded in these columns. It isn't exactly a case of Enoch Arden, but it is quite as odd, and the element of crime makes it all the more wonderful. The following is the incident that has thrown the county into great excitement:

### Dillon Insured His Life and Tried to Drown Himself.

About twelve months ago a man named James Dillon, of Tyrrell county, insured his life for \$3,000 in the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. About four months after he had taken the insurance he fell off a boat, feigned that he could not swim, and had to be pulled out of Alligator river to prevent his drowning.

### Another Feint at Drowning.

The next day, he turned a boat over half a mile from shore, and yelled for help to Mr. Sawyer, a gentleman who was a quarter of a mile away. The gentleman responded, but Dillon secretly swam ashore and could not be seen by the gentleman whose assistance he had called. Mr. Sawyer supposed he was drowned and was perfectly willing to swear to it. Notice of his death was sent to the company and they refused to pay. Action was brought by his widow in the Superior Court and the case stood for trial at Fayetteville spring court, the widow alleging that he was drowned.

### His Body Found.

A week before court, Dillon's body was found on the place where Mr. Sawyer saw him sink in the water. The body was identified by twenty-five people as that of James Dillon, by the shape of his skull, color of his hair, from his bald head, because two front teeth were out, and from his clothing and their contents. Dillon's papers and pocket knife were in the dead man's pockets.

At court, counsel for the widow took a non-suit because the body had been found and could be identified. It was supposed the company would pay at once. The evidence of health and identification was forwarded to the company who wrote that they would do as advised by Pruden & Vann, their attorneys at Edenton. There is no doubt, with this evidence, that the company would have paid the money if nothing had occurred.

### The Dead Alive.

On last Friday, to the surprise of all, Dillon returned safe and sound, "limb, wind and weather." There is no doubt but that Dillon, hearing of the non-suit at court thought it was an end to his claims, and there would be no hope of collecting the money, so he believing returned home.

### Dillon Makes a Statement.

Dillon's statement is that he swam ashore the day that he turned the boat over, put his hat in the boat, and left the boat half full of water. Then he concealed himself in the bushes and waited for Sawyer to come up. He was convinced that Sawyer thought he was drowned, and determined to stay in the woods so his wife could get the insurance money. Five months later he claims to have found a drowned man floating in Alligator river. He removed the hair from his head so as to make it bald, and also his whiskers, and taking his own hair and whiskers stuck it in the decomposing flesh of the corpse. Then he knuckled out two of the front teeth of the dead man, and removing the clothing from the corpse dressed it in the clothes he had worn on the day of his disappearance. He then, at night conveyed it to the place where he was supposed to have been drowned, which place is one of the most desolate and barren wastes in the lowlands of the eastern North Carolina, seven miles from any inhabitant, and by the solemn glimmer of his lantern came to the conclusion that the corpse presented a striking likeness to himself. The sequel shows that he was right, for twenty-five people were willing to swear that the body was that of James Dillon.

### Who Found the Body.

The body was found by Capt. Jos. Etheridge, who expected to get \$200 which had been offered for the body of Dillon.

### Dillon Jubilant at His Deceit.

Dillon is very jubilant over deceiving the people. The people of his neighborhood are very charitable and whenever one loses a horse, they all chip in and buy another; and when one gets sick they work his crop; or one's house is burned, they build him another. Thinking Dillon was dead, out of charity for his widow, they had planted his farm and on last Tuesday thirteen of them were in Dillon's field working his crop, while he (Dillon) was in the bushes looking at them. He says that he was glad to see his work progressing so finely in his absence and would have been perfectly satisfied could he have told them how he wanted the crop cultivated.

### Great Excitement.

The news of his return created quite an excitement, and threats of lynching, and tar and feathers were freely indulged in. Friday, the day of his return, will long be remembered in the usually quiet little village of Columbia as "Black Friday." Added to this excitement was the assignment of one of the prominent merchants of the town, and two fights by four prominent citizens, making a record for the day:

2 Fights.  
1 Assignment.  
1 Resurrection.

## DISTRICT COURT IN RALEIGH.

### Mr. Bunn Expects to Secure It—Mr. Ewart and Mica—Personals, &c.

(Special Cor. STATE CHRONICLE.)

The district court bill, better known the appellate court bill, which passed the House under suspension of the rules, with seventeen amendments pending and not acted upon, causes much discontent. It was ascertained soon after its passage that a large number of cities in the United States in which United States court houses had been built had no term of the district court. This was the case in Raleigh. Mr. Bunn tells me that on learning this, those interested in the matter placed the condition of affairs before the Senate committee, who will amend the bill so as to provide for a district court wherever a district court is now held under existing laws. Mr. Bunn says: "Fearing that this bill will fail to pass the Senate, I shall introduce and cause to be passed a bill providing for a district court in the city of Raleigh. I am only waiting for the judge and attorneys to agree upon a time that said court shall be held before introducing the bill."

Mr. E. B. Hambley, of Salisbury, and W. A. Hoke, of Lincoln, are at the Metropolitan.

Senator Vance tells me there are no new developments in the Finance Committee room with regard to Eaves's confirmation.

Miss Lucy Journey, of Durham, has been promoted from \$720 to \$840 in the War Department.

The Hon. J. M. Brower has been selected to represent North Carolina on the Republican Congressional campaign committee.

Mr. Ewart has succeeded in having the duty on mica restored. This duty was removed several years ago, and the consequent importation from India and Canada made it necessary to close the mines in Western North Carolina, which formerly supplied nine-tenths of the demand in this country. The restoration of the duty has been strongly opposed by the electric light men and stove manufacturers, but will reopen our mines.

Messrs. Brower and Cheatham voted against the removal of the duty on cotton ties, thus acting in opposition to the interests of cotton growers.

## PROF. H. H. WILLIAMS

### For the Chair of Moral Philosophy at the University.

(Special Cor. of STATE CHRONICLE.)

Several names have been mentioned in your columns for the chair in the University made vacant by the death of Dr. Mangum. Please allow me space to stress the name of Mr. H. H. Williams for that position. From this writer's point of view, he is the best equipped young North Carolinian for the position that can be procured. He graduated at the University with the degree of A. M. in 1883. After teaching two years—one year in a private school at La Grange and one year as professor of Greek and German at Trinity College—he spent three years at Yale and graduated there in the regular theological course. At the close of his career at Yale, he won a scholarship in philosophy at Harvard and has held the same for the past two years. He is about thirty years of age, is a Methodist, and has preached during his Yale and Harvard vacations. This writer has had opportunity to know him thoroughly. He is an earnest, patient student, an enthusiastic teacher, a high-toned Christian gentleman.

It is not presumed, of course, to say to the trustees whom they should elect to the position. After a thorough canvass of all the candidates, it goes without saying that they will elect the fittest man. This is meant simply to call their attention to a young North Carolinian of more than ordinary promise, of earnestness of purpose, and of ripeness of scholarship. Should Mr. Williams be chosen, we feel sure that he will give more than ordinary satisfaction—that he will prove an ornament to North Carolina scholarship.

A. W. LONG,

Wofford College, Spartanburg, S. C., May 24, 1890.

## THE CITY SCHOOLS.

### The Next Session Will Open September 12—Election of Superintendent and Teachers.

The Raleigh school board met at the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon.

It was decided that the next session of the Raleigh graded schools should begin September 12th.

Prof. E. P. Moses was unanimously re-elected superintendent of the schools.

Messrs. F. M. Harper and C. J. Parker were elected co-principals of the Centennial graded school.

Miss Eliza Pool was re-elected principal of the Murphy school.

The following teachers were re-elected: Mr. DeBerniere Whitaker, Miss S. Willie Ashe, Miss Mary V. Marsh, Mrs. Jas. Williamson, Miss Emily Tillinghast, Miss Carrie Strong, Miss Mabel Hale, Miss Myrtle Branson, Mrs. D. T. Ward, Miss Edith Royster, Miss Grace H. Bates, Miss Minnie Redford, Miss Lula Riddle, Mrs. S. S. Williams. Misses Lizzie Bellamy and Lelia Lawrence were re-elected assistant teachers.

Miss Ada Womble was elected a teacher in the schools.

## The Depot.

The CHRONICLE has numerous written and verbal inquiries about the new Union depot—when will work begin, &c. The matter of securing plans was given wholly to Maj. Jno. C. Winder, by the committee. He has returned to the city and perhaps has matters in shape for the beginning of work. It is greatly hoped that work will soon begin.

## A TERRIBLE LYNCHING.

### A MAN DRAGGED FROM HIS WAGON AND SHOT TO DEATH IN OPEN DAYLIGHT.

His Wife Sees Him Dragged Away by the Mob—He Gets His Reward For a Double Murder—And For Burning His Neighbors' Houses.

John Starling, a man of desperate deeds and notorious character, living near Selma, in Johnston county, was lynched by a mob of masked men in broad open daylight last Saturday afternoon.

Starling had made some threats against a peaceable neighbor, and this man knowing Starling's desperate and reckless character, feared for his life and swore out a peace warrant against him. Starling went to Selma on Saturday carrying his wife with him, to appear before a magistrate. After a hearing he was put under a bond to keep the peace. He asked permission to go home and fix up his bond, which permission was given, an officer being sent with him.

While on the way home, his wife being in the wagon with him, a crowd of masked men suddenly came out of the woods and surrounded the wagon. Without word or sign,

They Threw a Rope around Starling's neck, dragging him off the wagon and carried him into the woods just out of sight of the road. There they tied him to a tree and sent TWENTY BULLETS INTO HIS HEAD AND BODY.

His wife and the officer could not be eye witnesses of the proceedings, but they heard the wild prayers and entreaties of the doomed man, heard the shots and knew too well what was being done.

The mob left Starling's lifeless body hanging to the tree where it was found next morning.

### Why He was Lynched.

The circumstances which led to the lynching of Starling are about as follows:

On the 9th of last November, Mrs. Cenia Brown, and her little grandson, were murdered near their house about four miles from Selma. They were murdered on Friday afternoon, and it was apparent that an axe was the instrument with which the murder was committed.

Mrs. Brown was Starling's mother-in-law and owned a little property which was managed by Starling under certain conditions, one of which was that he should keep them supplied with fuel.

On Saturday morning the dead bodies of Mrs. Brown (who was sixty years old) and her grand-son (whose name was—Barton) were found near the edge of a pond in a swamp behind their house.

### Starling Under Suspicion.

At first there was no clue to the murderer, and no suspicion of consequence rested upon anyone.

But various things caused suspicion to fall on Starling. He had been heard to say that he would soon come into the possession of some property, which he proposed to sell and go to Kansas with the proceeds. It was also known that he thought his wife would inherit Mrs. Brown's property, provided Mrs. Brown and her grand-son were out of the way. He had also noised it abroad that he feared some one would kill the "old lady Brown," for two negroes had passed the house at one time and had shot at her. This tale, however, had no circulation, and Starling was the only person who ever told it or heard anything about it.

When the inquest was being held, Starling could not restrain his impatience about the property and asked two or three times if that property would not come to his wife.

These matters caused suspicion to rest on Starling and the coroner's jury began an investigation as to his guilt.

### People Feared to Testify Against Him.

He was known all through that section as a dangerous, vengeful man, and it was understood that anybody who should give evidence against him would get into big trouble. This condition of affairs made it impossible to make much headway against Starling; but finally one old man came forward who said he was not afraid of the man and would tell what he knew. He said he had heard Starling make threats against the old woman, and gave such other evidence as led the jury to return a verdict against him. He was arrested and held for trial.

But when the trial came off, the old man whose evidence had led to Starling's arrest, became frightened and when put on the stand he did not know a single thing.

For want of sufficient evidence the court failed to convict Starling of the murder, though everybody thought he was guilty. In fact he was seen at the house of the murdered people on the night of the murder with an axe on his shoulder.

The theory is that Starling went to the house, and got the old woman and boy to go with him into the swamp to cut some fuel. It was in evidence that there was no wood at the old lady's house at the time, and when he got them in the woods he murdered them, and that his wife might get the property, and that he might dispose of it.

### Vengeance on the Witnesses.

During the trial a man named Batton, who is the father of the murdered boy, was very active against Starling, and it was not long after Starling's acquittal before Batton's house was burned. Another party also interested himself in the trial against Starling, and his house was also burned.

The people in the community believed that Starling burned these houses to revenge himself on the parties who had worked against him, and they feared some outrages from the same supposed source. They determined that they would no longer endure the terrorizing conditions; and, on last Saturday, they caught him on the public highway, dragged him into the woods and left his lifeless body hanging to a tree.

Starling was about fifty-five years old and had a large family.

## SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

### Mayor Forbis Delivers the Address at Kernersville—The Exercises.

(Staff Cor. of THE CHRONICLE.)

KERNERSVILLE, N. C., May 26th, 1890.—The closing exercises of the Kernersville High School last Friday, were of a much more interesting order than is usually witnessed in a small town. The exercises began on Tuesday, with the primary classes, and were very interesting. Friday was the closing day. The morning was consumed by the young ladies and gentlemen competing for the prizes, and they highly entertained an appreciative audience. The afternoon exercises were most entertaining and enjoyable in that they consisted of the best renditions of essays and speeches. Mr. J. V. Forbis, of Greensboro delivered the address. His subject was, The Division of Labor. It was a well chosen subject for the occasion and was as well rendered and discussed as any address of the kind which it has been our pleasure to listen to. It was a practical, instructive discourse. After the address the medals and presents were awarded.

Prof. H. L. Coble has had charge of this school for ten years, and it is with much regret to the citizens of Kernersville that on account of ill health that he resigns. Prof. Scarborough from Mt. Gilead, Montgomery Co., will take charge of the school in the future, and the Kernersville people are to be congratulated that while they are losing a good man, they are also gaining a good one. The school will be opened August 11th, 1890.

The young people had a sociable Friday night, which was very much enjoyed by both young and old. H. B. H.

## RUTHERFORD COLLEGE.

### 400 People Present—Rev. L. L. Nash's Sermon—General Vance Address—Degrees Conferred.

(Special to STATE CHRONICLE.)

CONNELLY SPRINGS, May 26, 1890.—Four thousand people at the commencement. Music by the Newton silver cornet band. Dr. Nash's sermon was universally praised. Gen. Vance mixed religion, alliance and literature so as to hit all.

Mr. Jones, of Virginia, delivered an oration to the alumni re-union of students. It was an immense affair. The tabernacle was crowded. Speeches from alumni graduates, Carpenter, of South Carolina, Sherrill, Hull, Drury, Belk, and Miss Deal, of North Carolina.

Degrees conferred: Rev. L. L. Nash, D. D., Rev. R. H. Whitaker, D. D., Rev. O. A. Rose, A. M., S. E. Jones, A. M., Rev. R. M. Hoyt, A. M., Prof. A. T. Abernathy, A. M., Rev. Wm. B. Norton, Ph. D.

R. L. ABERNATHY.

## A CASE OF MEAT POISONING.

### Several People Violently Ill From Eating Baltimore Bacon.

On last Wednesday, Mr. Jonas Chappell, of Oaks Farm, came into the city and bought a side of what is known as Baltimore bacon and carried it out to the farm to supply the table of some hands who were chopping cotton. It was served next morning and Mr. Chappell's family also ate some of it for breakfast. Very shortly after, everybody who had eaten the meat was taken with violent heaving and vomiting. Two of them got partially over the bad effects within twenty four hours, but five others remained deathly sick. Dr. J. B. H. Knight was called in and his patients kept him in a most lively "gallopade" going from one to the other to relieve the violent spasms by which the sick people were constantly being attacked. He finally succeeded in getting them all relieved and they are now resting well and all thought to be out of danger.

They eye with the gravest suspicion all food put before them now and have an unconquerable aversion to bacon.

## RALEIGH HONORED.

### Rev. L. L. Nash and Rev. R. H. Whitaker Given the Degree of Doctor of Divinity.

A telegram in to-day's CHRONICLE gives the intelligence that Rutherford College has honored two Raleigh preachers with the degree of D. D.

Rev. L. L. NASH, D. D., is the able, earnest and successful pastor of Central Methodist church, this city, and is one of the vigorous thinkers of his church. We have heard him often, and always found him a strong and able divine.

Rev. R. H. WHITAKER, D. D., has devoted his life to the great work of temperance and has accomplished much good. He writes readily and fluently and is editor of the Spirit of the Age, of Raleigh. He is a local Methodist preacher, and is President of the North Carolina Local Ministers' Conference. It has never been our pleasure to hear him preach, but his friends say that he is a man of character and sense.

Yes it is so. Swindell is selling all dress goods that cost him 20 cents or more at exact cost. Now is your time ladies; go see them.

## A BOY DROWNED.